

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**SAMPLING ASPHALT MIXTURES
FOP FOR AASHTO R 97**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
Attached Sampling Device		
1. Container coated or preheated or both?	_____	_____
2. Sampling device passed through stream twice perpendicular to material?	_____	_____
3. Sampling device not over filled?	_____	_____
Conveyor Belt		
4. Belt stopped?	_____	_____
5. Sampling template set on belt, avoiding intrusion of adjacent material?	_____	_____
6. Sample, including all fines, scooped off?	_____	_____
Haul Units		
7. Unit divided into four quadrants?	_____	_____
8. Increment obtained from each quadrant, 0.3 m (1ft.) below surface?	_____	_____
9. Increments combined to make up the sample?	_____	_____
Paver Auger		
10. Shovel blade flat on the surface to be paved?	_____	_____
11. Shovel lifted vertically after it is filled?	_____	_____
Windrow		
12. Beginning and end avoided?	_____	_____
13. Equal increments obtained from three sections?	_____	_____
14. Approximately 0.3 m (1 ft) removed from top of each section?	_____	_____
15. Underlying material excluded?	_____	_____
Roadway Before Compaction (Method 1)		
16. Plate placed well in front of paver?	_____	_____
17. Wire pulled to locate plate corner?	_____	_____

OVER

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
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18. Cookie cutter (if used) placed on asphalt and pushed through to plate?	_____	_____
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19. All material removed from inside the cutter?	_____	_____
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Roadway Before Compaction (Method 2)

20. Cookie cutter placed on asphalt and pushed through to underlying material?	_____	_____
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21. All material removed from inside the cutter?	_____	_____
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Stockpile Method 1– (Loader sampling)

22. Loader operator directed to enter the stockpile with the bucket at least 0.3 m (1 ft) above ground level without contaminating the stockpile?	_____	_____
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23. The loader obtained a full loader bucket of the material with the bucket tilted back and up?	_____	_____
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24. A small sampling pile formed at the base of the stockpile by gently rolling the material out of the bucket with the bucket just high enough to permit free-flow of the material?	_____	_____
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25. A flat surface created by the loader back dragging the small pile?	_____	_____
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26. Increment sampled from three locations at least 0.3 m (1 ft) from the edge by fully inserting the shovel into the flat pile as vertically as possible, care taken to exclude the underlying material?	_____	_____
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Stockpile Method 2 (Stockpile Face)

27. Created horizontal surfaces with vertical faces?	_____	_____
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28. Sample obtained from the horizontal face as close as possible to the vertical face?	_____	_____
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29. At least one increment taken from each of the top, middle, and bottom thirds of the stockpile?	_____	_____
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General

30. Sample placed in appropriate container?	_____	_____
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31. Sample size meets agency requirements?	_____	_____
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32. Sample identified as required?	_____	_____
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Comments: First attempt: Pass_____Fail_____ Second attempt: Pass_____Fail_____

Examiner Signature _____

WAQTC #: _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST (ORAL)

**SAMPLING ASPHALT MIXTURES
FOP FOR AASHTO R 97**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. At the hot plant, how must a sample be obtained using an attached sampling device?		
a. Coat or preheat sample container.	_____	_____
b. Sampling device passed through stream twice perpendicular to material.	_____	_____
c. The sampling device cannot be overfilled.	_____	_____
2. How is a sample obtained from a conveyor belt?		
a. Stop the belt.	_____	_____
b. Set the sampling template on belt, avoiding intrusion of adjacent material.	_____	_____
c. All the material is removed from belt including all fines.	_____	_____
3. What must be done to sample from transport units?		
a. Divide the unit into four quadrants.	_____	_____
b. Obtain increments from each quadrant, 0.3 m (1 ft) below surface.	_____	_____
4. How is a sample obtained from the paver auger?		
a. Shovel blade is placed flat on the surface to be paved in front of the auger extension?	_____	_____
b. Shovel is filled and removed by lifting as vertically as possible?	_____	_____
5. Describe the procedure for sampling from a windrow.		
a. Do not sample from the beginning or end of the windrow.	_____	_____
b. Approximately 0.3 m (1 ft) removed from the top.	_____	_____
c. Underlying material is excluded	_____	_____
d. Equal increments obtained from 3 locations along the windrow.	_____	_____

OVER

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
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6. Describe how to take samples from the roadway using Method 1 (plate).

- a. Place the plate well in front of the paver. _____
- b. Pull the wire to locate the corner of the plate. _____
- c. Place the cutter (if used) on the asphalt material above the plate and push it down to the plate. _____
- d. Collect all the material inside the cutter. _____

7. Describe how to take samples from the roadway using Method 2.

- a. Place the cutter on the asphalt material and push it down to the underlying material. _____
- b. Collect all the material inside the cutter. _____

8. Describe the procedure for sampling a stockpile Method 1 (Loader Sampling).

- a. Loader removes surface and creates sampling pile. _____
- b. Loader back drags pile to create a flat surface. _____
- c. Take three approximately equal increments from at least 0.3 m (1 ft) from the edge, excluding the underlying material. _____

9. Describe the procedure for sampling a stockpile Method 2 (Stockpile Face Sampling).

- a. Create horizontal surfaces with vertical faces with a shovel. _____
- b. At least one increment taken from each of the top, middle, and bottom thirds of the stockpile. _____

10. Increments combined to form a sample of required size?

11. What types of containers can be used?

- a. Cardboard boxes, stainless steel bowls, or other agency approved containers. _____

12. What dictates size of sample?

- a. Agency requirements. _____
- b. Specified by test method. _____

Comments: First attempt: Pass_____Fail_____ Second attempt: Pass_____Fail_____

Examiner Signature _____

WAQTC #: _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**REDUCING SAMPLES OF ASPHALT MIXTURES TO TESTING SIZE
FOP FOR AASHTO R 47**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. Sample made soft enough to separate easily without exceeding temperature limits?	_____	_____
2. Splitting apparatus and tools, if preheated, not exceeding maximum mixing temperature from the JMF?	_____	_____
Mechanical Splitter Type B (Riffle) Method		
1. Splitter cleaned, and surfaces coated with release agent?	_____	_____
2. Two empty receptacles placed under splitter?	_____	_____
3. Sample placed in hopper or straight edged pan without loss of material and uniformly distributed from side to side?	_____	_____
4. Material discharged across chute assembly at controlled rate allowing free flow of asphalt mixture through chutes?	_____	_____
5. Splitter surfaces cleaned of all retained asphalt mixture allowing it to fall into appropriate receptacles?	_____	_____
6. Further reduction with the riffle splitter:		
a. Material from one receptacle discharged across chute assembly at controlled rate, allowing free flow of asphalt mixture through chutes?	_____	_____
b. Splitting process continued until appropriate sample mass obtained, with splitter surfaces cleaned of all retained asphalt mixture after every split?	_____	_____
7. Remaining unused asphalt mixture stored in suitable container, properly labeled?	_____	_____

OVER

Procedure Element

Trial 1 Trial 2

Quartering Method

- 1. Sample placed in a conical pile on a hard, non-stick, heat-resistant splitting surface such as metal or sheeting? _____
- 2. Sample mixed by turning the entire sample over a minimum of 4 times? _____
- 3. Conical pile formed and then flattened uniformly to diameter equal to about 4 to 8 times thickness? _____
- 4. Sample divided into 4 equal portions either with a metal quartering template or straightedges such as drywall taping knives? _____
- 5. Reduction by Full Quartering:
 - a. Two diagonally opposite quarters removed and placed in a container to be retained? _____
 - b. Two other diagonally opposite quarters combined? _____
 - c. Process continued, if necessary, until appropriate sample mass has been achieved? _____
- 6. Reduction by Apex:
 - a. Using two straightedges or a quartering device and one straightedge, was one of the quarters split from apex to outer edge of material? _____
 - b. Similar amount of material taken from the diagonally opposite quarter? _____
 - c. Increments combined to produce appropriate sample mass? _____
- 7. Remaining unused asphalt mixture stored in suitable container, properly labeled? _____

OVER

Procedure Element

Trial 1 Trial 2

Incremental Method

- 1. Sample placed on hard, non-stick, heat-resistant splitting surface covered with sheeting? _____
- 2. Sample mixed by turning the entire sample over a minimum of 4 times? _____
- 3. Conical pile formed? _____
- 4. Asphalt mixture rolled into loaf and then flattened? _____
- 5. The first quarter of the loaf removed by slicing off or dropping off edge of counter and set aside? _____
- 6. Proper sample mass sliced off or dropped off edge of counter into sample container? _____
- 7. Process continued until all samples are obtained or final quarter is remaining? _____
- 8. All remaining unused asphalt mixture stored in suitable container, properly labeled? _____

Comments: First attempt: Pass____Fail____ Second attempt: Pass____Fail____

Examiner Signature _____ **WAQTC #:** _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**MOISTURE CONTENT OF ASPHALT MIXTURES BY OVEN METHOD
FOP FOR AASHTO T 329**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. Mass of clean dry container including release media determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
2. Representative sample obtained; 1000 g minimum?	_____	_____
3. Initial temperature taken and recorded?	_____	_____
4. Mass of sample determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
5. Sample placed in drying oven for 90 ±5 minutes?	_____	_____
6. Sample dried at a temperature not to exceed the JMF mixing temp?	_____	_____
7. Constant mass checked at 30 ±5 minute intervals and reached?	_____	_____
8. Sample and container cooled to ±9°C (15°F) of the initial temperature before final mass determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
9. Calculation of moisture content performed correctly to 0.01 percent?	_____	_____

$$Moisture\ Content = \frac{M_i - M_f}{M_f} \times 100$$

Comments: First attempt: Pass _____ Fail _____ Second attempt: Pass _____ Fail _____

Examiner Signature _____ WAQTC #: _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**DETERMINING THE ASPHALT BINDER CONTENT OF ASPHALT MIXTURES BY THE IGNITION METHOD
FOP FOR AASHTO T 308**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. Oven at correct temperature $538 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($1000 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$) or correction factor temperature?	_____	_____
Or: for IR ovens, correct burn profile applied?	_____	_____
2. Sample reduced to correct size?	_____	_____
3. Asphalt mixture sample or companion moisture sample taken and dried per FOP for AASHTO T 329?	_____	_____
4. Mass of sample basket assembly recorded to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
5. With pan below basket(s) sample evenly distributed in basket(s)?	_____	_____
6. Mass of sample basket and sample recorded to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
7. Sample mass conforms to the required mass?	_____	_____
8. Method A		
a. Initial mass entered into furnace controller?	_____	_____
b. Sample correctly placed into furnace?	_____	_____
c. Test continued until stable indicator signals?	_____	_____
d. Uncorrected asphalt binder content obtained on printed ticket?	_____	_____
e. Sample mass determined to nearest 0.1 g.?	_____	_____
9. Method B		
a. Sample correctly placed into furnace?	_____	_____
b. Sample burned for 45 min or time determined by correction process?	_____	_____
c. Sample cooled to room temperature?	_____	_____
d. Sample burned to constant mass?	_____	_____
e. Sample mass determined to nearest 0.1 g.?	_____	_____
f. Uncorrected asphalt binder content calculated correctly and recorded?	_____	_____

OVER

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
10. Asphalt binder content corrected for Correction Factor if needed?	_____	_____
11. Asphalt binder content corrected for moisture per the FOP for AASHTO T 329 if needed?	_____	_____
12. Corrected asphalt binder content recorded?	_____	_____
13. Contents of the basket(s) carefully emptied into a pan?	_____	_____

Comments: First attempt: Pass_____Fail_____ Second attempt: Pass_____Fail_____

Examiner Signature _____ **WAQTC #:** _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**THEORETICAL MAXIMUM SPECIFIC GRAVITY AND DENSITY OF ASPHALT MIXTURES
FOP FOR AASHTO T 209**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. Sample reduced to correct size?	_____	_____
2. Particles carefully separated insuring that aggregate is not fractured?	_____	_____
3. After separation, fine aggregate particles not larger than 6.3 mm (1/4 in.)?	_____	_____
4. Sample at room temperature?	_____	_____
5. Mass of container determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
6. Mass of sample and container determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
7. Mass of sample calculated and conforms to required size?	_____	_____
8. Water at approximately 25°C (77°F) added to cover sample?	_____	_____
9. Entrapped air removed using partial vacuum for 15 ±2 min?	_____	_____
10. Container and contents agitated continuously by mechanical device or manually by vigorous shaking at intervals of about 2 minutes?	_____	_____
11. Vacuum released to atmospheric pressure in 10 to 15 seconds if not auto controlled?	_____	_____
12. Vacuum pump turned off?	_____	_____
13. Bowl determination:		
a. Water bath filled to the overflow level?	_____	_____
b. Bowl and contents suspended in water at 25 ±1°C (77 ±2°F) for 10 ±1 minute?	_____	_____
c. Submerged weight of bowl and contents determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
d. Submerged weight of empty bowl determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
e. Net submerged weight of contents calculated?	_____	_____

OVER

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**BULK SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF COMPACTED ASPHALT MIXTURES USING SATURATED SURFACE-DRY SPECIMENS
FOP FOR AASHTO T 166**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
Method A:		
1. Mass of dry sample determined.		
a. Sample dried to constant mass if required?	_____	_____
b. Cooled in air to 25 ±5°C (77 ±9°F)?	_____	_____
c. Dry mass determined to 0.1g?	_____	_____
2. Water at the overflow?	_____	_____
3. Balance zeroed?	_____	_____
4. Immersed weight determined.		
a. Water at 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F)?	_____	_____
b. Immersed, shaken, on side, for 4 ±1 min.?	_____	_____
c. Immersed weight determined to 0.1g?	_____	_____
5. Sample rapidly surface dried with damp towel and saturated surface dry (SSD) mass determined to 0.1 g (entire operation performed within 15 seconds)?	_____	_____
6. G _{mb} calculated to the nearest 0.001?	_____	_____
7. Absorption calculated to the nearest 0.01 percent	_____	_____

OVER

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
Method B:		
1. Specimen dried, cooled, and mass determined as in Method A?	_____	_____
2. Saturated surface-dry (SSD) mass determined to 0.1g.		
a. Immersed at least 10 minutes at 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F)?	_____	_____
b. Sample rapidly dried with damp towel?	_____	_____
c. Specimen mass determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
d. Any water that seeps from specimen included in mass?	_____	_____
3. Mass of volumeter filled with distilled water at 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F) determined?	_____	_____
4. SSD specimen placed into volumeter and let stand for 1 minute?	_____	_____
5. Temperature of water brought to 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F) and volumeter covered, allowing some water to escape through the capillary bore of the tapered lid?	_____	_____
6. Volumeter wiped dry, and mass of volumeter and contents determined?	_____	_____
7. G _{mb} calculated to the nearest 0.001?	_____	_____
8. Absorption calculated to the nearest 0.01 percent?	_____	_____
Method C/A:		
1. Immersed weight determined.		
a. Water at 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F)?	_____	_____
b. Immersed, shaken, on side, for 4 ±1 minutes?	_____	_____
c. Immersed weight determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
2. Sample rapidly surface dried with damp cloth (within 5 seconds)?	_____	_____
3. Saturated surface dry mass determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
4. Dry mass determined by:		
a. Heating in oven at a minimum of 105°C (221°F)?	_____	_____
b. Breaking down to 6.3 mm (¼ in.) particles?	_____	_____
c. Drying in oven to constant mass (change less than 0.05 percent in 2 hours of additional drying)?	_____	_____
d. Cooled in air to 25 ±5°C (77 ±9°F) and mass determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
5. G _{mb} calculated to the nearest 0.001?	_____	_____
6. Absorption calculated to the nearest 0.01?	_____	_____

OVER

Procedure Element

Trial 1 Trial 2

Method C/B:

- 1. Saturated surface-dry (SSD) mass determined to 0.1g.
 - a. Immersed at least 10 minutes at 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F)? _____
 - b. Sample rapidly dried with damp towel (within 5 seconds)? _____
 - c. Specimen mass determined to 0.1g? _____
 - d. Any water that seeps from specimen included in mass? _____
- 2. Mass of volumeter filled with distilled water at 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F) determined to 0.1 g? _____
- 3. SSD specimen placed into volumeter and let stand for 1 minute? _____
- 4. Temperature of water brought to 25 ±1°C (77 ±1.8°F) and volumeter covered, allowing some water to escape through the capillary pore of the tapered lid? _____
- 5. Volumeter wiped dry, and mass of volumeter and contents determined to 0.1 g? _____
- 6. Dry mass determined by:
 - a. Warming in oven at a minimum of 105°C (221°F)? _____
 - b. Breaking down to 6.3 mm (¼ in.) particles? _____
 - c. Drying in oven to constant mass (change less than 0.05 percent in 2 hours of additional drying)? _____
 - d. Cooled in air to 25 ±5°C (77 ±9°F) and mass determined to 0.1 g? _____
- 7. G_{mb} calculated to the nearest 0.001? _____
- 8. Absorption calculated to the nearest 0.01 percent? _____

Comments: First attempt: Pass _____ Fail _____ Second attempt: Pass _____ Fail _____

Examiner Signature _____ WAQTC #: _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**MECHANICAL ANALYSIS OF EXTRACTED AGGREGATE
FOP FOR AASHTO T 30**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. Total dry mass determined to 0.1 g	_____	_____
2. Dry mass agrees with sample mass after ignition (M_f) from AASHTO T 308 within 0.1 percent?	_____	_____
3. Sample placed in container and covered with water?	_____	_____
4. Wetting agent added?	_____	_____
5. Contents of container agitated vigorously?	_____	_____
6. Wash water poured through proper nest of two sieves?	_____	_____
7. Washing continued until wash water is clear and no wetting agent remaining?	_____	_____
8. Retained material returned to washed sample?	_____	_____
9. Washed material coarser than 75 μm (No. 200) dried to constant mass at $110 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($230 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$)?	_____	_____
10. Sample cooled to room temperature?	_____	_____
11. Dry mass after washing determined to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
12. Material sieved on specified sieves?	_____	_____
13. Mass of each fraction of aggregate, including minus 75 μm (No. 200), determined and recorded to 0.1 g?	_____	_____
14. Total mass of material after sieving agrees with mass before sieving to within 0.2 percent?	_____	_____
15. Percent passing each sieve determined correctly to the nearest 0.1 percent?	_____	_____
16. Aggregate correction factor applied, if applicable?	_____	_____
17. Percent passing on each sieve reported correctly to the nearest 1 percent and nearest 0.1 percent on the 75 μm (No. 200)?	_____	_____

Comments: First attempt: Pass _____ Fail _____ Second attempt: Pass _____ Fail _____

Examiner Signature _____ WAQTC #: _____

PERFORMANCE EXAM CHECKLIST

**GYRATORY COMPACTION OF ASPHALT MIXTURES
FOP FOR AASHTO T 312**

Participant Name _____ Exam Date _____

Record the symbols “P” for passing or “F” for failing on each step of the checklist.

Procedure Element	Trial 1	Trial 2
1. Angle, pressure and number of gyrations set?	_____	_____
2. Bearing surfaces, rotating base surface, and rollers lubricated?	_____	_____
3. Representative sample obtained according to the FOP for AASHTO R 97?	_____	_____
4. Sample reduced according to FOP AASHTO R 47?	_____	_____
5. Sample placed in a container and spread to 1 or 2 inches thick for even heating?	_____	_____
6. Asphalt mixture heated to compaction temperature range?	_____	_____
7. Mold, base plate, and upper plate heated to compaction temperature range?	_____	_____
8. Mold, base plate, and upper plate (if required) removed from oven and paper disk placed on bottom of mold?	_____	_____
9. Mix placed into mold in one lift without segregation?	_____	_____
10. Paper disk placed on top of the asphalt mixture?	_____	_____
11. Mold placed into compactor and upper plate clamped into place?	_____	_____
12. Pressure applied at 600 kPa ±18 kPa?	_____	_____
13. Specified number of gyrations applied?	_____	_____
14. Proper angle confirmed from display?	_____	_____
15. Compacted specimen removed from mold, paper disc(s) removed, and allowed to cool to room temperature?	_____	_____
16. Asphalt mixture sample measured to a height of 115 ±5 mm at required gyrations?	_____	_____

Comments: First attempt: Pass_____Fail_____ Second attempt: Pass_____Fail_____

Examiner Signature _____ WAQTC #: _____

