DEVELOPING A FAMILY OF CURVES FOP FOR AASHTO R 75

Scope

This procedure provides a method to develop a family of curves in accordance with AASHTO R 75-16 using multiple moisture-density relationships developed using the same method, A, B, C, or D, from the FOP for AASHTO T 99/T 180.

All curves used in a family must be developed using a single Method: A, B, C, or D of a procedure for AASHTO T 99 or T 180. See the FOP for AASHTO T 99/T 180.

Terminology

family of curves — a group of soil moisture-density relationships (curves) determined using AASHTO T 99 or T 180, which reveal certain similarities and trends characteristic of the soil type and source.

spine — smooth line extending through the point of maximum density/<u>and</u>optimum moisture content of a family of moisture-density curves.

Procedure

- 1. Sort the curves by Method (A, B, C, or D of the FOP for T 99/T 180). At least three curves are required to develop a family.
- 2. Select the highest and lowest maximum dry densities from those selected to assist in determining the desired scale of the subsequent graph.
- 3. Plot the maximum density and optimum moisture points of the selected curves on the graph.
- 4. Draw a smooth, "best fit," curved line through the points creating the spine of the family of curves.
- 5. Remove maximum density and optimum moisture points that were not used to establish the spine.
- 6. Add the moisture/_density curves associated with the points that were used to establish the spine. It is not necessary to include the portion of the curves over optimum moisture.
- *Note* 1—Intermediate template curves using slopes similar to those of the original moisture-density curves may be included when maximum density points are more than 2.0 lb/ft³ apart. TemplateIntermediate curves are indicated by a dashed line.
- 7. Plot the 80 percent of optimum moisture range when desired:
 - a. Using the optimum moisture of an existing curve, calculate 80 percent of optimum moisture and plot this value on the curve. Repeat for each curve in the family.
 - b. Draw a smooth, "best fit," curved line connecting the 80 percent of optimum moisture points plotted on the curves that parallel the spine.

Calculations

Calculate 80 percent of optimum moisture of each curve:

Example:

Optimum moisture of the highest density curve = 14.6%

$$80\% \ point = \frac{80}{100} \times 14.6\% = 11.7\%$$

